

# STIR 'EM UP, SAYS JEROME.

## RAINES LAW CAN BE ENFORCED, BUT NO ONE WILL DO IT.

Hopes to Arouse the Clergymen and Persuade to Get a Better Law—Says into Beth Low and Gen. Greene-Lyman Abbott Outlines Local Option Plan.

The District Attorney of the county of New York, Mr. William T. Jerome, came out of the steps of his tenement house yesterday morning, snuffed his lungs full of cold air, and declared that the "public mind" was in a mood to be instructed.

"There is fermentation of the municipal intellect, I feel it in the air," he said. "Fermentation breeds clarification. Let us be busy."

Some time later he walked into the part of his office which is known as the abiding place of the Trouble Club and made this utterance on the exchequer question:

"I find myself quoted as saying that the Raines law is not enforceable. It is enforceable—but the men who enforce it will die politically. No body will enforce it. Now let us consider the case of the Great and Good Beth Low. While he was Mayor of what is called the city, the Imperial City, a police captain was put on trial for not enforcing the Raines law. The case was heard by the Great and Good Commissioner of Police. It was a clear case, and the police and Good Commissioner found the police captain guilty."

Then, after a short pause, he said: "The direction and order of the Great and Good Beth Low, the Great and Good Commissioner of Police ordered that the guilty captain should be reprimanded and that the reprimand should be read in every police station in the city. Among other things that this reprimand to his men was the captain's address. He was addressed, and he read in a voice of flowers sent to him by his friends and acquaintances with their congratulations for his 'vindication.' And every policeman to whom he read it listened and wore a broad grin."

"Now, what is a police captain's job except graft? And why should it be taken away from him?"

With this cryptic utterance he disappeared into his office and went into a conference with a police captain, about whose errand he had nothing to say. But later there came further utterances from the District Attorney on the exchequer question. They came with a report that certain "edaphic" clergymen had said that the Melmoth case on Tuesday voted for the appointment of a committee to goad the Police Commissioner and the Mayor and the Governor into a strict enforcement of the exchequer law did so without the authority of their central body.

Mr. Jerome said that he did not know anything about the authority of the ministers and others whom he met and who had promised to send a committee to the Commissioner and the Mayor. He knew simply that he had read in the newspapers of a conference of representatives of temperance societies and churches which had been meeting under the auspices of the National Temperance Society and that he had asked for permission to lay his views before them. As a result of the presentation of his views the members of the conference agreed to appoint a committee of twenty-one to go with him to the law enforcing authorities.

As individuals, Mr. Jerome said, they were representative clergymen, and the bodies from which they came did not want the Raines law enforced and were not willing to make a fight to have it enforced, he did not care how soon they came out into the open.

Mr. Jerome gave out a statement, in which he said:

"The evils that come from the present condition of the Exchequer law in this city result from the non-enforcement of that law. If that law were enforced, it would suppress and the so-called Raines law hotels are enforced, the evils of blackmail, perjury, general degradation and debauching of the police force would be largely exterminated. If, on the other hand, the law is enforced to Sunday opening is amended, these evils would also be largely exterminated. What I am interested in is that the evils from which we suffer as a result of the non-enforcement of the law should be reduced to a minimum. And personally I care nothing whether these evils be minimized or destroyed, as long as the law is enforced for one moment. But it is only by either amendment or enforcement that they can be eliminated or minimized."

"I do believe in the amendment of the law, so that we might get a law which would give the public officers confidence without destroying the law. I believe in the amendment of the law, so that we might get a law which would give the public officers confidence without destroying the law. I believe in the amendment of the law, so that we might get a law which would give the public officers confidence without destroying the law."

"My desire to influence the clergymen especially in this question is that they are not tangled up at all in the question of the law, and they look upon this proposition simply as one affecting the morality of the community, and I believe they agree with me to a man that they have a law on the statute book, it should be enforced. While many regret that this law should be enforced, they do not regret that it should be enforced. They do not regret that it should be enforced. They do not regret that it should be enforced."

From the general committee a sub-committee of five will be appointed which will call itself the headquarters committee and will undertake to influence the members of the Legislature against the Raines law. The Rev. Dr. Howard H. Russell, who is at the head of the Anti-Saloon League, will be the head of the sub-committee. He has received a letter from the Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott in which Dr. Abbott said:

"I am in favor of any legislation which gives reasonable ground for the number of saloons and of requiring them to comply with the law of the State. This would abolish the Raines law hotel altogether."

By such changes in the law we should get

# THE LEGISLATURE IN SESSION.

## MAYOR McLELLAN'S WATER AND LIGHTING BILLS PUT IN.

Gov. Higgins's Message Listened To With Interest. Especially That Part in Which He Made It Plain That He Would Not Dictate Legislation.

ALBANY, Jan. 4.—The feature of the opening day's session of the Legislature was the evidence that Mayor George B. McLehann, through Corporation Counsel Charles L. Guy, the bill amending the Charter so as to leave no doubt of the right of the city to construct and operate gas and electric light municipal plants was introduced by the Legislature conveyed to-day of bills providing for municipal lighting plants, a big extension of the city's water works system and the increase in the limit of special revenue bonds which may be issued for emergency improvements.

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## MAN ACCUSED AFTER RAIDS.

Released Girl Says He Compelled Her to Live an Evil Life.

The five raids made in the Tenderloin Tuesday night filled Jefferson Market police court with prisoners yesterday morning. All were discharged except five, one alleged proprietor for each house. These were held by Magistrate Moss in \$500 bail for examination. The places raided were the Bohemia, Tuxedo, and three houses in Twenty-ninth street. Two of the prisoners held were men and the other three women. They were charged with keeping a house of ill fame.

## MADDOX ISN'T ANGRY.

Sorry for Some People Some Amuse Him—No Reply to Jerome and Parkhurst.

To the big bunch of newspaper men attracted to Police Headquarters yesterday by the fulminations of Dr. Parkhurst and District Attorney Jerome against the Police Commissioner McDoo said without preliminary:

"This will save you the necessity of putting the question I suppose many of you have come here to ask. I have absolutely not a word to say concerning the matter. I am not angry. I am not sorry for some people; others amuse me. I will tell you just why you won't answer them. I just won't; that's all," was the smiling reply. All such letters and remarks will be treated the same way. Let's stop here. I won't add another word to what I have said."

## CRITICISM OF STATE BANKS.

Supt. Kilburn Condemns the Paying of Excessive Interest on Deposits.

Supt. Kilburn of the State Banking Department, in his annual report, which was transmitted to the Legislature yesterday, says:

"The Superintendent of Banks has but one serious objection to make to the conduct in general of the banks in this State, and it will apply equally to the banks of both classes which are not amenable to the supervision of the State. It is the excessive rates of interest on commercial deposits. The Superintendent has no power under the law to restrict the rates of interest on deposits. The law should be amended so that the Superintendent should be empowered to restrict the rates of interest on deposits. But, while power is not given, it is only by either amendment or enforcement that they can be eliminated or minimized."

## BALDWIN FUNERAL SERVICES.

Body of the Railroad Man Taken to Boston in His Private Car.

Funeral services over the body of William H. Baldwin, Jr., who was killed yesterday by a train at Locust Valley, were held at the home of the deceased at Locust Valley, N. Y., and the body was taken to Boston in his private car.

The Long Island Railroad branch to Locust Valley was blocked yesterday morning by snow, but by hard work it was cleared by noon. A special train was run out to Locust Valley, on it were Pres. A. J. Locust Valley, and the body of the deceased was taken to Boston in his private car.

# DAVIS MILL AFFAIRS MIXED.

## Receivers for the Newest Fall River's Cotton Corporations.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 4.—Following close on the resignations of Treasurer J. Bion Richards and three directors of the Davis Mill Corporation, three receivers were appointed in the United States District Court today. They were Edward Barker, the present president; John P. Bodge, treasurer of the Arkwright Mill, and Richard M. Saltonstall, a Boston lawyer.

This step was taken upon the petition of several large creditors. The affairs of the mill are complicated, and the best informed persons fear that when the auditors, who are now at work on the books, get through with their task it will show a total debt of \$1,300,000, against a capital stock of \$900,000, all of which was not paid in at the time of organization.

The Davis Mill is the newest factory in the city, and not a dividend has yet been paid to its stockholders. Charges of malfeasance are not made against Mr. Richards, who was the youngest mill treasurer here, but misfeasance is the term used. It is understood that a check for personal expenses at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York, where he was to stay while in the metropolis, started some questioning.

## A KISS AND AN ICE PLUNGE.

Percy G. Parsons of Boston Saved From the Hudson—Travelling With Mother.

Percy G. Parsons, a young Boston lawyer, and his mother, Mrs. Parsons, purchased tickets yesterday for a trip to New York. They were on the Hudson River ferryboat when they were saved from the Hudson by a tugboat. The tugboat captain, Mr. Parsons, was saved from the Hudson by a tugboat. The tugboat captain, Mr. Parsons, was saved from the Hudson by a tugboat.

The Parsons had several pieces of baggage when they were saved from the Hudson by a tugboat. The tugboat captain, Mr. Parsons, was saved from the Hudson by a tugboat. The tugboat captain, Mr. Parsons, was saved from the Hudson by a tugboat.

## NEW HAVEN'S TROLLEY PLANS.

Purchase of the New York and Stamford Road Shuts Out Competition.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Jan. 4.—The property of the New York and Stamford Road Railroad was transferred to the New York and Stamford Road Railroad Company to-morrow at New Haven, when the directors of the trolley road will hand in 8,000 shares of stock and receive 4,000 shares of the New Haven Railroad.

## OBITUARY.

Thomas Morris Cook died of dropsy, early yesterday morning at his home, 121 Adelphi street, Brooklyn. He was in his seventy-fourth year. Mr. Cook was born in Smithtown, L. I. In the civil war he was a private in the 10th New York Infantry.

After the war he was employed by the S. S. Co., which he became a partner in. He was a member of the Order of the Sons of the American Revolution. He was a member of the Order of the Sons of the American Revolution.

## Disarming Russian Destroyers.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

KIAOCHAI, Jan. 4.—The Russian destroyers Smirni and Arctur were disarmed here on Monday, are being disarmed.

## Son Born to Japanese Crown Princess.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

TOKIO, Jan. 4.—The Crown Princess, who is the daughter of the Emperor, has given birth to a son. The son is the third child of the Crown Princess and Princess, who have besides four daughters.

# RAILWAYS AS TRUST MAKERS.

## SCHURMAN OF CORNELL TALKS OF ROOSEVELT'S PLAN.

Tells a Cooper Union Audience That the President is Right in His Ideas of Regulating Traffic—The Time Is Not Yet Ripe to Fight the Trusts.

President Jacob G. Schurman of Cornell lectured last night at Cooper Union on "Individuality." It was the first of a series of eight popular Wednesday night lectures on education. President Schurman took occasion in the course of his remarks to knock severely the modern railroad system.

"The high organization of modern society tends to crush out the individual. Take the industrial field. A generation ago all over this country men of small means were conducting establishments of their own. Now it is all changed. Huge corporations own the business, the individual is only a hand, a part of the machine. The individual is crushed out; he is riding on the machine."

## BANK AFTER BROKERAGE CO.

Asks Receiver for Underwood, Fankhauser & Co.

The Chancery Court at Trenton granted yesterday an order directing Underwood, Fankhauser & Co. (corporation), New Jersey, brokers and promoters at 27 Wall street, New York, to show cause why they should not be enjoined from doing business and why a receiver should not be appointed to wind up their affairs. The hearing is set for Jan. 10.

The plaintiff is the Chapin National Bank of Springfield, Mass. The bank people say that they recovered a judgment against Underwood, Fankhauser & Co. say, on their part, that the whole thing is partly a mistake, and partly a mistake. William H. Underwood, head of the firm, said he had no objection to the extent of \$10,000, which was discounted at the Chapin National Bank. They have entered suit against the suit until after judgment had been obtained. The plaintiff claims service was had on the Corporation of New Jersey, which was represented by Underwood, Fankhauser & Co. as a New Jersey corporation. By some error after notice was given to the Corporation Trust Company we were not notified, hence judgment was obtained by default.

As soon as we knew this, we took steps to have the judgment vacated, and that matter is in the hands of our attorney. The present action is simply inexecutable on our part, as we have not had an opportunity to make a defence on this claim, which we desire to have, and we shall endeavor to have the case reopened, when we can put in our defence, which is both legal and proper. We are not very much worried about this matter, except the annoyance it brings us. When this suit is removed, and if they then obtain judgment, we stand ready to pay, as we do all other just claims on presentation. There was no fraud in securing the money to the extent of \$10,000 on bonds. The matter will be unquestionably satisfactorily adjusted in a legal and proper way.

## GILSEY OLD GUARD SEED

For Board They Wouldn't Pay at the Time the House Changed Hands.

A number of guests of the Gilsey House, including some of the "Old Guard," who wouldn't get out when the Seaboard Hotel Company gave up its lease of the hotel, are to be sued for back loan of \$10,000.

A young man with a big bundle of summonses in his hand went to the hotel at dinner time last night. He appeared to be familiar with the old timers at the hotel and sought them out in the dining room and was engaged to serve a number of the summonses.

The suits are based on the refusal of some of the guests of the Gilsey House to vacate their rooms because they had not received due notice of the intention of the Seaboard Hotel Company to withdraw its management of the hotel. The guests who are sued wouldn't pay a day or two of board to the company after learning of its intention to quit.

The suits will be heard in the Sixth District Municipal Court on Jan. 13. Louis Van Doren of 35 Nassau street is counsel for the Seaboard company.

# MELBA'S SON JOINS HER.

## Charles Armstrong Comes of Age and Takes a Trip With His Mother.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 4.—After a separation of years, caused largely by his mother's close attention to her profession, Charles Armstrong, who has spent the most of his life on a ranch in Texas, joined his mother, Mme. Melba, in Pittsburgh, Pa., ten days ago. He is her guest now in Mme. Melba's private car, and occupied a box at Convention Hall to-night when she sang.

Mme. Melba, then Nellie Mitchell, married Capt. Charles Armstrong, son of the late Sir Andrew Armstrong, when only 17 years old in Australia. The marriage did not prove happy, and it was decided that it should not be allowed to interfere with a promising career as a singer. The young wife was sent to Paris to study.

In time Capt. Armstrong left Australia for Texas, where he engaged in the cattle business, taking his young son with him. Occasionally the boy saw his mother. At five years of age Capt. Armstrong obtained a divorce.

When the son attained his majority he took the first train for Pittsburgh, where the mother took place less than two weeks ago. Young Mr. Armstrong will accompany his mother on her present tour.

## UPJOHN LETTER SECRETS.

Dr. Irvine Practically Accused of Having Tampered With It.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4.—Some of the secrets of the Irvine-Talbot case, that has so stirred Episcopal Church circles, were revealed to-day, accompanied by a very comment by the *Church Standard*, the leading organ of the Church in this country. The Rev. Dr. F. B. Bodine, chairman of the board of inquiry appointed by Bishop Tuttle to hear the charges against Bishop Talbot, made public the affidavit prepared by the Huntingdon signers of the presentment at a secret meeting on Tuesday night. In this the signers tell just what they did sign, and refuse to act as presenters.

In addition to this step Dr. Bodine expects by to-morrow evening to make public another communication which will settle definitely all discussions regarding the present standing of the presentment. The Church authorities have decided to do in view of the presentment.

Dr. John Fulton, the leading canonical authority of the Church and editor of the *Church Standard*, handles the entire case without gloves. He scores the signers of the presentment, declares that in their dying hours none will find comfort in the remembrance of them and none will be able to do so. He is particularly severe on the full correspondence regarding the "Upjohn letter." In this connection he says that the letter given out by Dr. Irvine did not exactly correspond to the original. He says that the letter, but contained "notable discrepancies." He practically charges Dr. Irvine with fraud and worse.

Dr. Fulton then gives in detail all his correspondence with Dr. Irvine, and with the presentment, and the Upjohn letter. He shows that he never believed the Irvine version of the letter was the same as the original, and that he was not satisfied with having tampered with it to suit his own purposes.

## WOODBURY AS A PASSHOLD.

Commissioner's Name Checked Pursuit by Traffic Cop.

Dr. Woodbury, Commissioner of the Street Cleaning Department, and a mounted cop stationed on Park row at the Manhattan entrance to the Brooklyn Bridge, just missed an encounter during the rush hour traffic last night. Travel up Park row by the bridge entrance is stopped during these hours.

The cop then turned the horse to pursue the motor, when a bystander shouted to him:

"It's Dr. Woodbury, the Commissioner."

"Oh, if it's the doctor, it's all right," was the cop's comment as he pulled back his horse.

# Eliminating the

## jobber doesn't mean dispensing with him. Advertising which appeals to the public eliminates the power of the jobber to make or unmake your products, to appreciate or depreciate their quality, and it makes him far more useful to you as a distributor of goods.

The jobber is indifferent to any but his own interests. Why should you expect him to be more considerate of your best interests than you are yourself? Why should you expect him to especially push your goods when you fail to avail yourself of so simple and natural a method as advertising?

The public, the consumer, is the only element which is absolutely necessary to the success of your business.

If you are not advertising to reach the consumer you are neglecting to cultivate the only possible field which can make your product a success or a failure.

A large portion of that public is made up of the five million readers of THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY  
NEW YORK BOSTON CHICAGO

## MARRIED.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The *Evening News* says that Mrs. Belle Cole, the oratorio singer, is seriously ill, and that little hope of her recovery is entertained.

Mme. Cole is a native of Australia, N. Y., and began her public career as soloist in a church in Fifth avenue in this city. After taking part as leading contralto in Theodore Thoma's grand opera, *Die Meistersinger*, in 1881, she went to London, where in 1885 she made her first appearance in "Elijah" under Sir Joseph Barnby. She achieved great success. Subsequently she visited Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and the United States. She returned to England in 1902 and has remained there since.

## DIED.

COOK—Thomas Morris, on Jan. 3, 1905, in the 73rd year of his age, at his residence, 121 Adelphi street, Brooklyn.

SCOTT—Russell—On Tuesday, Jan. 3, at the Church of the Incarnation, by the Rev. Dr. W. H. Hattaway, of St. Peter's, Albany, assisted by the Rev. Dr. William M. Grover, of New York, the marriage of Miss Helen Scott, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Horace Russell, to Lillian Graham Scott, eldest son of Col. Latham K. Scott of Fort Lee, N. J., was solemnized.

LEWIS—On Tuesday, Jan. 3, at her residence, 121 Adelphi street, Brooklyn, the marriage of Miss Helen Lewis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Lewis, to Mr. W. H. Lewis, was solemnized.

FRASER—Sudden, at his home in University Park, South Bethlehem, Jan. 4, 1905, Prof. Benjamin West Fraser, in the 64th year of his age.

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